

REMARKS

Claims 1-13, 17-19, 21, 23, and 24 are pending in the application and stand rejected. Claim 1 has been amended. New Claims 25 and 26 have been added. No new matter has been introduced. Reconsideration and allowance of Claims 1-13, 17-19, 21, 23, and 24-26 are respectfully requested.

The Rejection of Claims 1-13, 17-19, 21, 23, and 24 Under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) as Being Anticipated by U.S. Patent No. 5,294,549 (Pullman et al.)

Claims 1-13, 17-19, 21, 23, and 24 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) as being anticipated by U.S. Patent No. 5,294,549 (Pullman et al.). Applicants traverse this ground of rejection for at least the following reasons.

As an initial matter, without acquiescing to the Examiner's position, but in order to facilitate prosecution, Claim 1 has been amended at step (b) to recite:

(b) cultivating pre-cotyledonary pine embryogenic cells from step (a) for a period from one week to two weeks in, or on, a synchronization medium that comprises maltose as the principal metabolizable sugar source, an absorbent composition and at least one synchronization agent selected from the group consisting of abscisic acid and a gibberellin, wherein the absorbent composition and the at least one synchronization agent are present at a concentration effective to produce a synchronized population of pre-cotyledonary pine somatic embryos wherein at least 50% of the pre-cotyledonary pine somatic embryos in the synchronized population are at the same developmental stage

Support for this amendment is found in the specification as filed: for example, at page 5, lines 5-8; Table 1; and Table 2.

Pullman et al. does not teach or suggest a synchronization medium that comprises maltose as the principal metabolizable sugar source, an absorbent composition and at least one synchronization agent selected from the group consisting of abscisic acid and a gibberellin, as claimed. Rather, the Stage IV singulation medium disclosed in Pullman et al. contains sucrose as the sole sugar source (see Table 2, Col. 13). In order to anticipate, the reference must disclose, either expressly or inherently, each and every element of the claim. M.P.E.P. § 2131. Therefore, the claimed invention, as amended, is not anticipated by Pullman et al. for at least this reason.

Moreover, Pullman et al. does not suggest or provide any motivation to carry out the claimed method, as amended, which comprises cultivating pre-cotyledonary pine embryogenic cells for a period from one week to two weeks in, or on, a synchronization medium that comprises maltose as the principal metabolizable sugar source, an absorbent composition and at least one synchronization agent selected from the group consisting of abscisic acid and a gibberellin, wherein the absorbent composition and the at least one synchronization agent are present at a concentration effective to produce a synchronized population of pre-cotyledonary pine somatic embryos wherein at least 50% of the pre-cotyledonary pine somatic embryos in the synchronized population are at the same developmental stage.

The claimed invention is based on the discovery by the present inventors that culturing pine embryos in a synchronization medium that comprises maltose as the principle metabolizable sugar source, an absorbent composition (e.g., activated charcoal) and at least one of abscisic acid and a gibberellin for one to two weeks prior to incubation in development media inhibited precocious embryo development and greening, while promoting synchronization of the cultures, thereby resulting in embryos very uniform in size in comparison to control cultures. Specification at page 19, lines 19–31; page 16, lines 26–30; and Tables 1 and 2. As further described in the instant specification, it was experimentally determined that in the absence of the

step of culturing in a synchronization medium (i.e., control cultures grown in maintenance medium and directly transferred to development medium, similar to Examples 8 and 9 of Pullman et al.), the resulting cultures were not synchronized, and contained embryos that were cleaving, growing, and forming embryo suspensor masses, with embryos seen in many different stages. Specification at page 19, lines 1-5.

Pullman et al. does not disclose or suggest a method for producing a synchronized population of pine somatic embryos as claimed. Rather, Pullman et al. discloses an intermediate culturing step referred to as "singulation" for Douglas-fir, which Pullman states is "not necessary for other species." See Pullman et al. at Col. 8, lines 18-21. Pullman et al. teaches the transfer of pre-cotyledonary Douglas-fir somatic embryos from a maintenance medium to a singulation medium for at least three weeks, followed by transfer to a development medium. As described in Examples 1-7, which are directed to methods for improving Douglas-fir embryo development, "Late stage Douglas-fir proembryos were singulated in a three step liquid shake culture as outlined above." Example 2 at Col. 15, line 68, to Col. 16, line 2. As described in Example 1, a preferred schedule for the singulation step in Douglas-fir is "one week on a medium containing 10mg/L ABA, a second week on a medium containing 5/mg/L ABA, and a third week on a medium also with 5mg/L ABA." Col. 15, lines 10-27.

It is further noted that in Examples 8 and 9 of Pullman et al., which are directed to methods for improving *Norway Spruce* embryo development, no singulation step was carried out, which is consistent with the statement made earlier in Pullman et al. that the singulation is required for Douglas-fir but is "not necessary for other species." See Pullman et al. at Col. 8, lines 18-21. As further described in Examples 8 and 9, *Norway Spruce* late stage proembryos were plated directly from a maintenance medium onto solid development media containing various concentrations of ABA and GA.

Therefore, it is demonstrated that there is no teaching or motivation provided in Pullman et al. that would lead one to culture pre-cotyledonary pine embryos in a synchronization medium comprising maltose as the principal metabolizable sugar source, an absorbent composition and at least one synchronization agent selected from the group consisting of abscisic acid and a gibberellin for a period from one week to two weeks, as claimed.

Further, the invention of Claim 1 cannot be considered to be obvious over Pullman et al. because there is no teaching or suggestion in Pullman et al. to modify the teachings of Pullman et al. to arrive at the claimed invention. Importantly, Pullman et al. does not remotely teach, suggest, or provide any motivation to produce a synchronized population of pine somatic embryos, as claimed. As described in the instant specification, "Cleavage polyembryony (embryonal suspensor mass proliferation) continues in cultures after plating onto development medium, and new embryos are beginning to develop even after eight to ten weeks of culture on development medium. Due to this continuing cleavage, embryos are not uniform in stage, shape, size or quality within a single plate." Specification at page 4, lines 18–20.

Accordingly, because Pullman et al. does not disclose every element of Claim 1 and because the general knowledge of one skilled in the art would not provide any basis or motivation to arrive at the claimed invention, Claims 1–13, 17–19, 21, 23, and 24 are believed to be clearly patentable under both 35 U.S.C. §§ 102 and 103 over Pullman et al.

New Claims 25–26

New Claims 25 and 26 have been added which depend from Claim 1. No new matter has been introduced.

New Claim 25 recites "wherein the synchronization medium of step (b) is a solid medium." Support for Claim 25 is found in the specification at page 5, lines 3–8.

New Claim 26 recites "wherein the synchronization medium of step (b) is a liquid medium." Support for Claim 26 is found in the specification at page 5, lines 3-8.

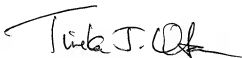
Claims 25 and 26 depend from Claim 1 and are believed to be patentable over Pullman et al. for at least the reasons described above in connection with Claim 1.

Conclusion

In view of the foregoing, applicants submit that all of the pending claims are in condition for allowance and notification to this effect is respectfully requested. The Examiner is further requested to contact the applicants' representative at the number set forth below to discuss any issues that may facilitate prosecution of this application.

Respectfully submitted,

CHRISTENSEN O'CONNOR
JOHNSON KINDNESS^{PLLC}



Tineka J. Quinton
Registration No. 53,496
Direct Dial No. 206.695.1655

TJQ:jlq